



# MoonSane

Designing Lunar Habitats for  
Improving Mental Wellness

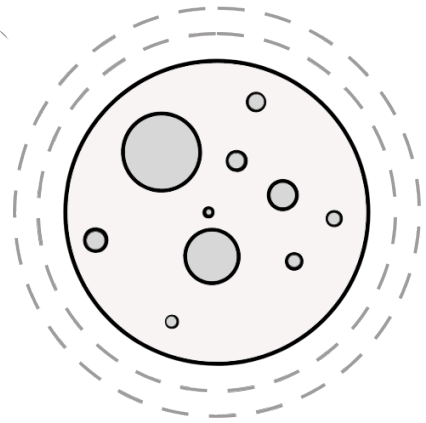
# Approaching Lunar Architecture

Blank  
Canvas

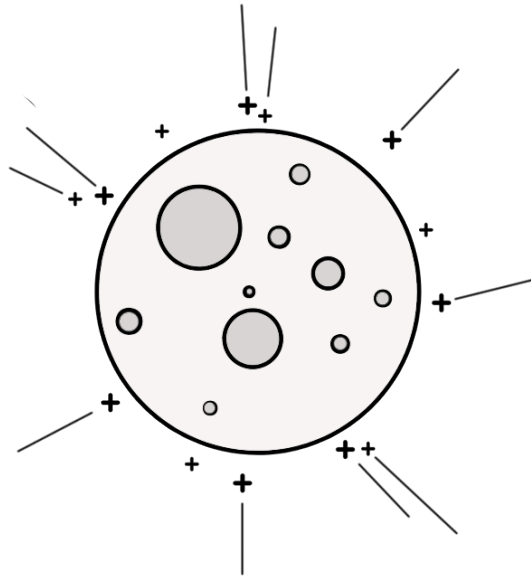


Extreme  
Environment

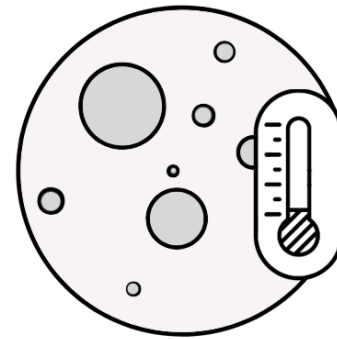
# Surface conditions



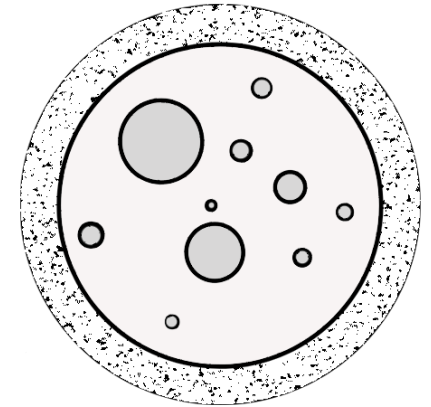
No  
atmosphere



High radiation  
levels



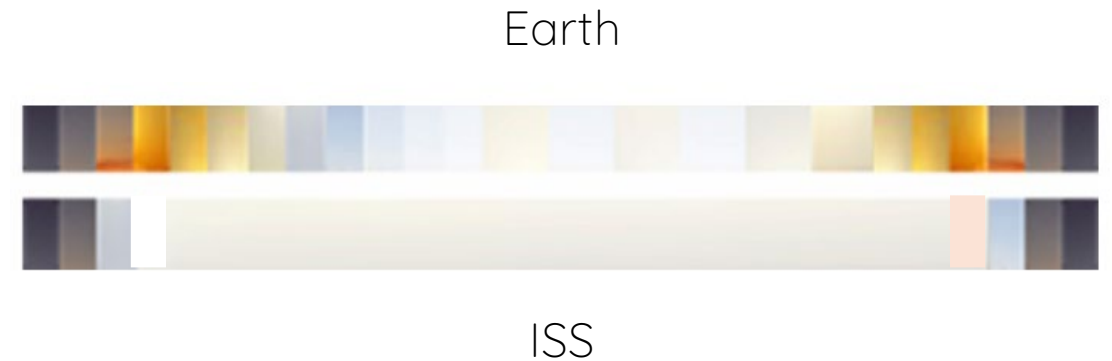
Extreme  
temperatures



Regolith  
layer

# Day/night cycle

- 1 Moon day = 28 Earth days
  - Circadian rhythm Earth: 24 hours
- Disrupted rhythm affects
  - Sleep, alertness and mental health





# Views

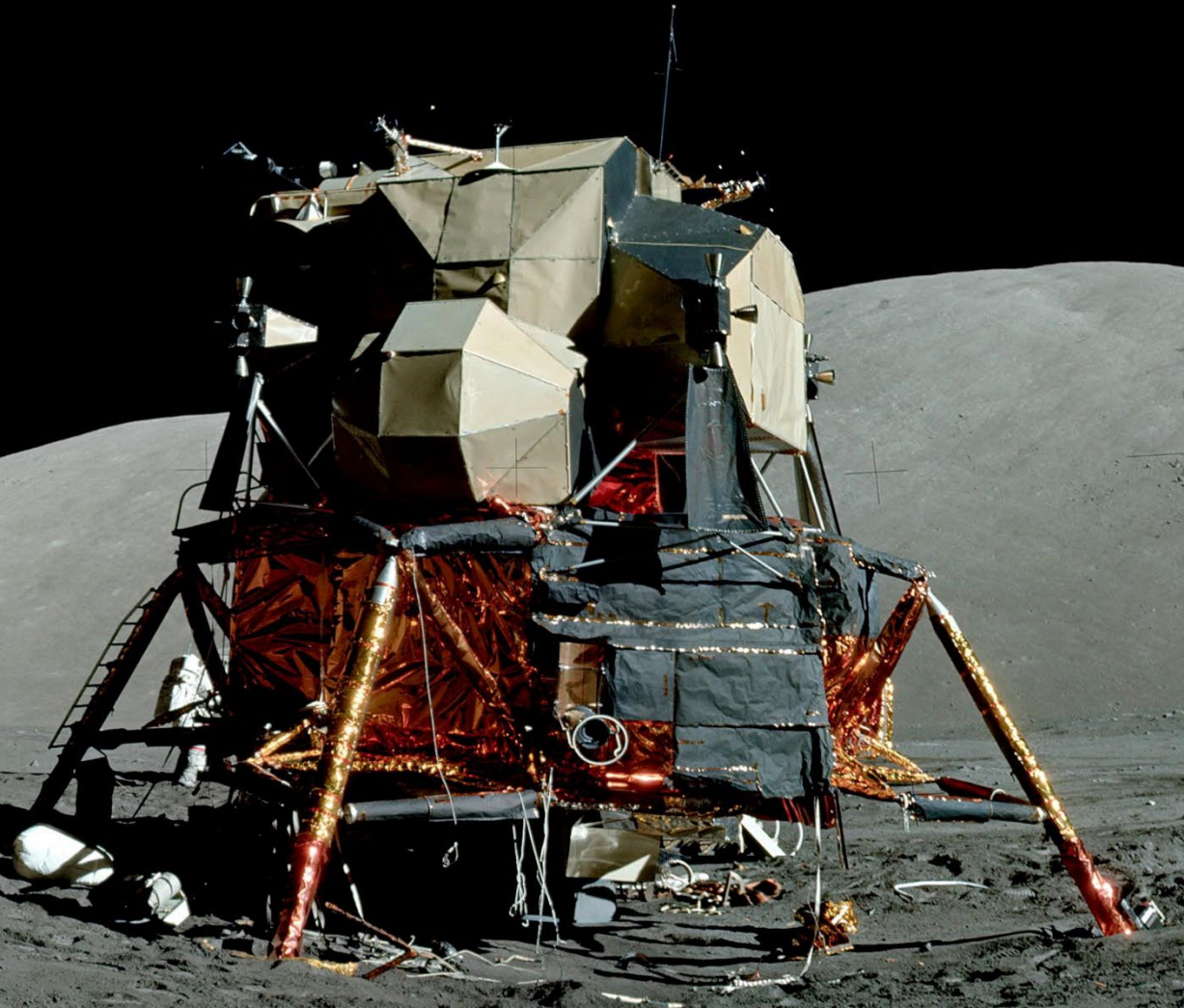






# Habitat conditions

- Far away from home and family
- Limited social circle
- Habitat is main stimulus





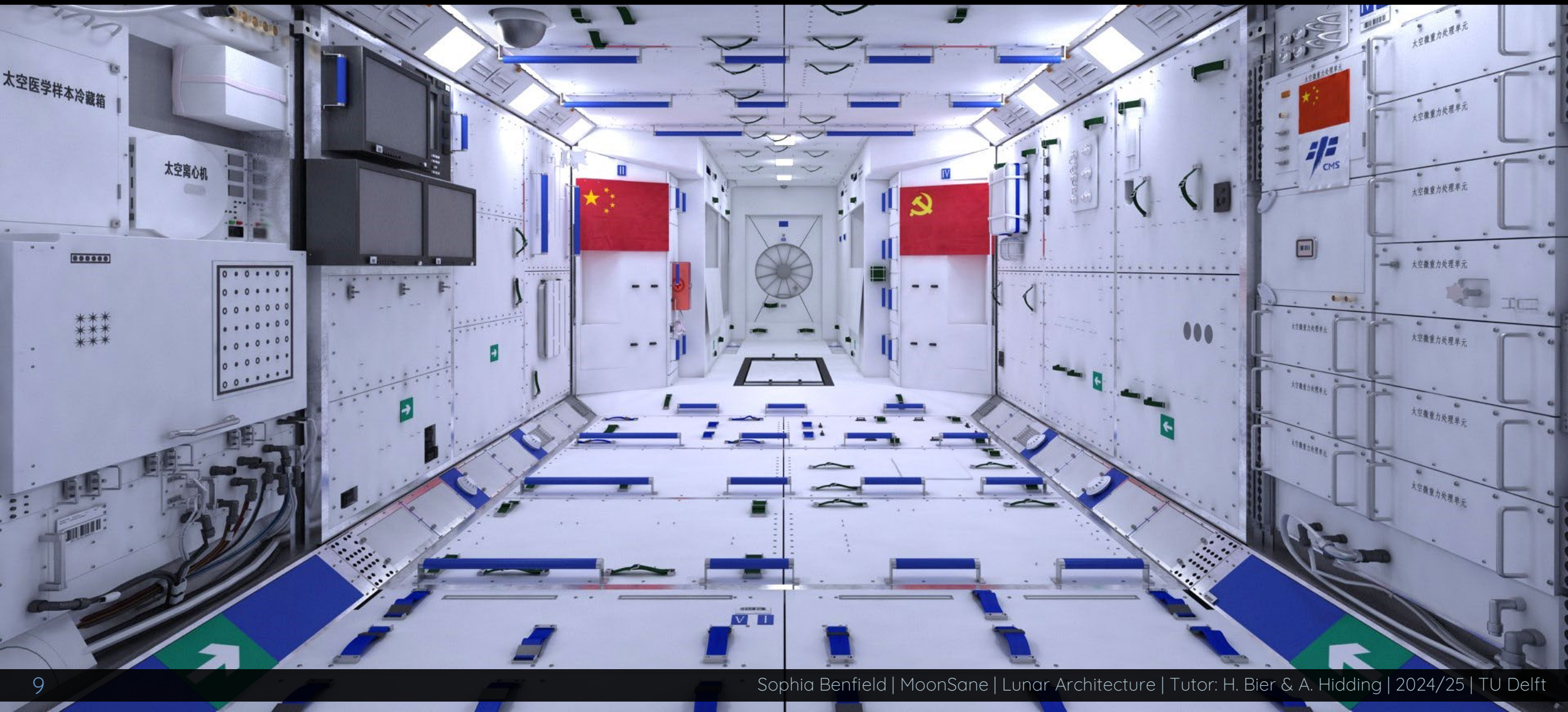


ISS





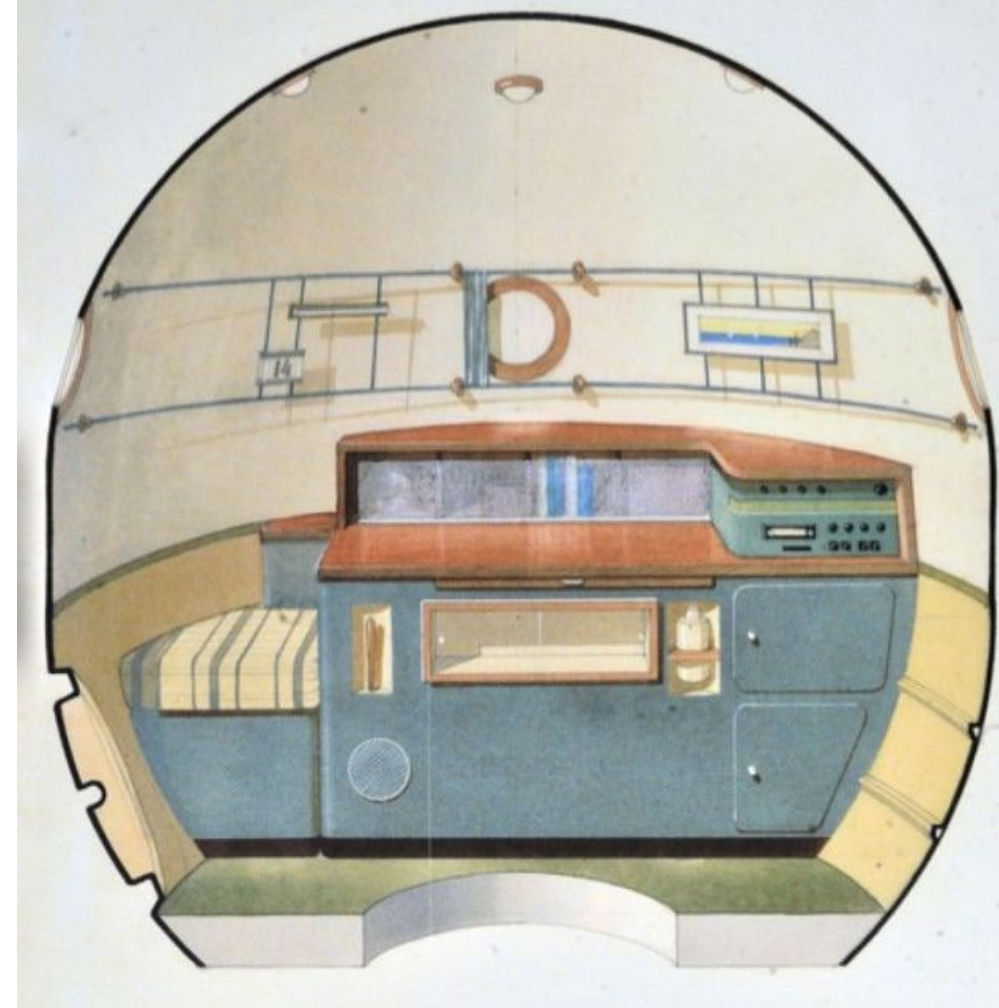
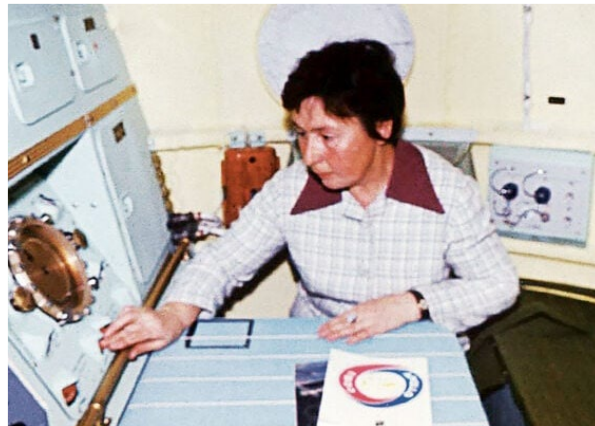
# Tianhe module





# Galina Balashova

- Colour to distinguish floor from ceiling in 0-gravity
- Added own artwork as embellishment of the interior



“The more tools you can give people to maintain a good psychological state, the more successful the mission is likely to be,”

- Jay Buckey

(former astronaut and Professor of Medicine)

# Research question

How can human spatial perception be used in the design of Lunar habitats, to mitigate the negative mental health effects of living long-term on the moon?



# Scope of habitat solutions

## Lighting:

- Allowing the **passage of sunlight**\*
- Habitat day/night cycles
- Improved environmental lighting

## Stimulating senses:

- **Improved colours** of environment
- Reduced noise levels
- **Variations** in habitat environmental factors
- Comfortable air temp/ humidity
- Nature/plants included on station

## Crew interaction:

- Private quarters

## Views:

- Views of the habitat from the windows
- **More observation windows**
- **Direct views of earth**

Logan M. Smith, "The psychology and mental health of the spaceflight environment: A scoping review." *Acta Astronautica* 201, 2022, 496-512, ISSN 0094-5765, <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.actaastro.2022.09.054>.

# Additional possibilities

- Spatial geometry
- Screens simulating windows

# Light

- Experiment: circadian rhythm lamps in the LUNARK module
  - “Waking up to a sunrise inside our sleeping pods was an incredible natural feeling ”
  - Stationary



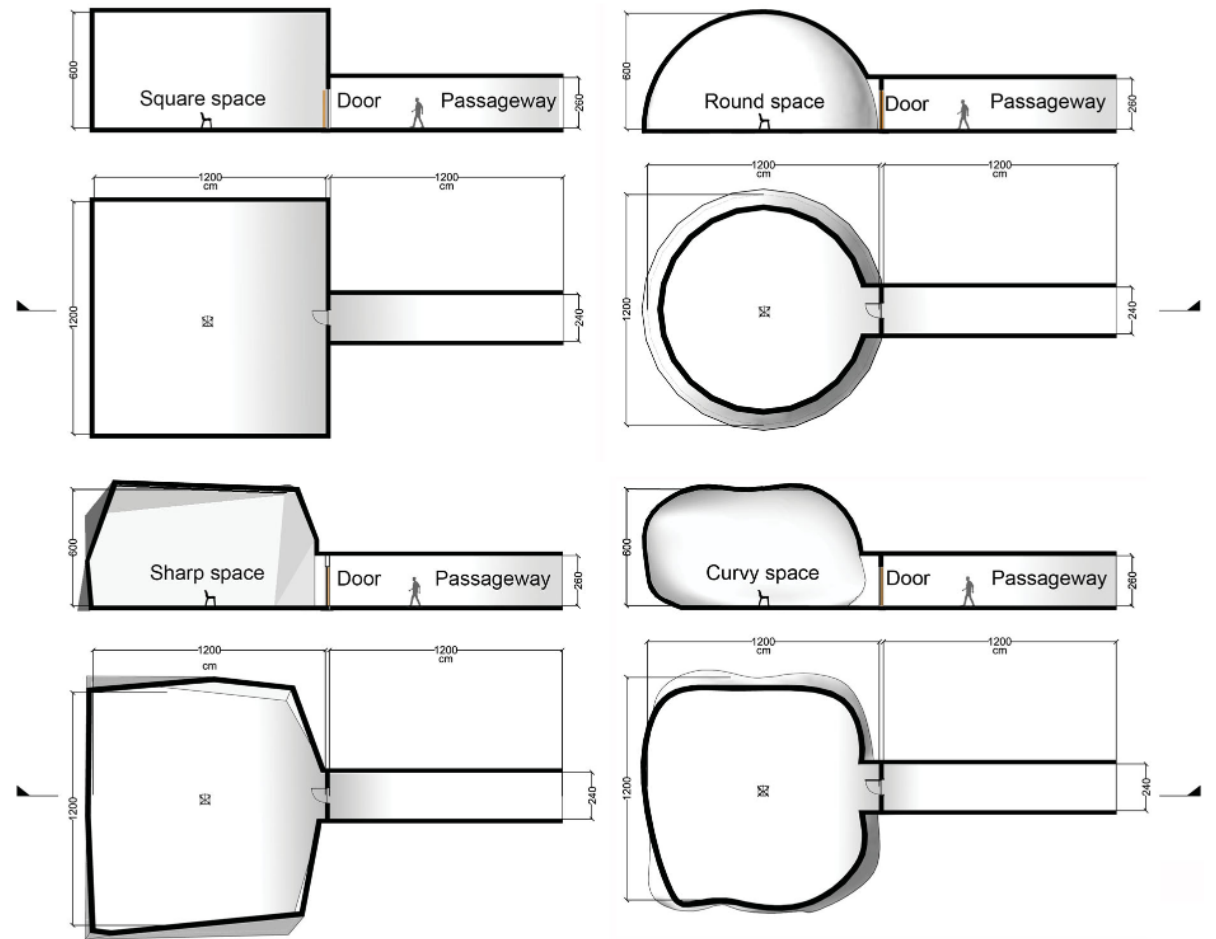


# Spatial geometry

## Study using VR

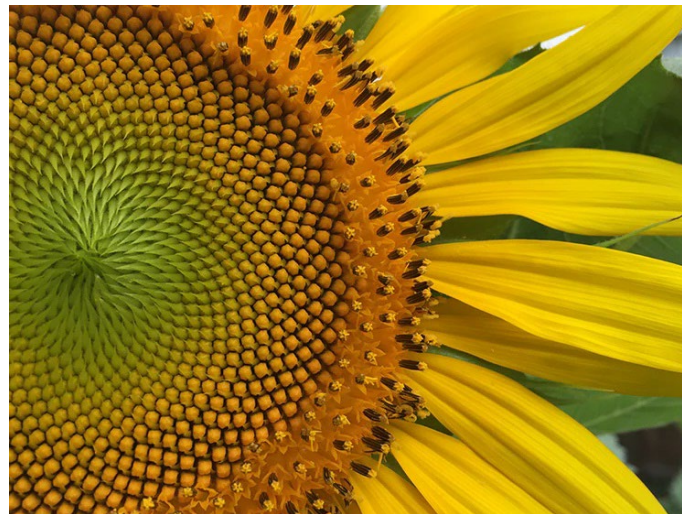
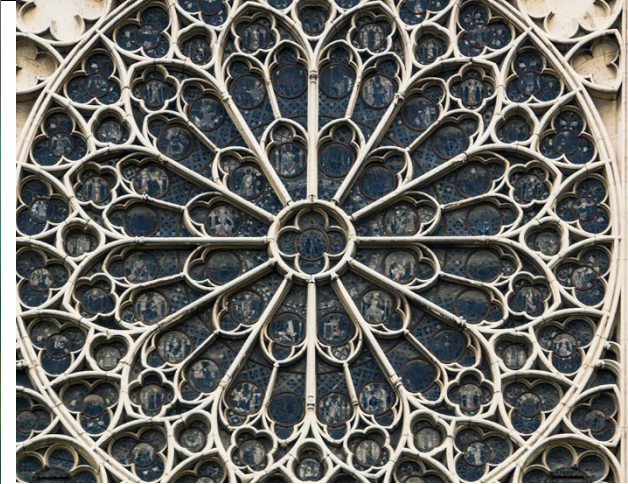
- Asymmetric spaces general preference
- Curved: leisure activities
- Angular: studying/working

Shemesh, A., Talmon, R., Karp, O., Amir, I., Bar, M., & Grobman, Y. J. (2016). Affective response to architecture – investigating human reaction to spaces with different geometry. *Architectural Science Review*, 60(2), 116–125.



# Geometry: fractal patterns

- Repeating shapes
  - Calming effect
  - Hidden in nature: biophilia
- Dynamic fractal patterns
  - Light through foliage
  - Light reflection on water





# Real views: Earth gazing

- Phenomenon of astronauts who view Earth from space
- Awe-inducing
  - Increased empathy and sense of purpose
  - Decrease in stress hormones





# Real views: Earth gazing & “Skyspace”



## James Turrell – “Skyspace”

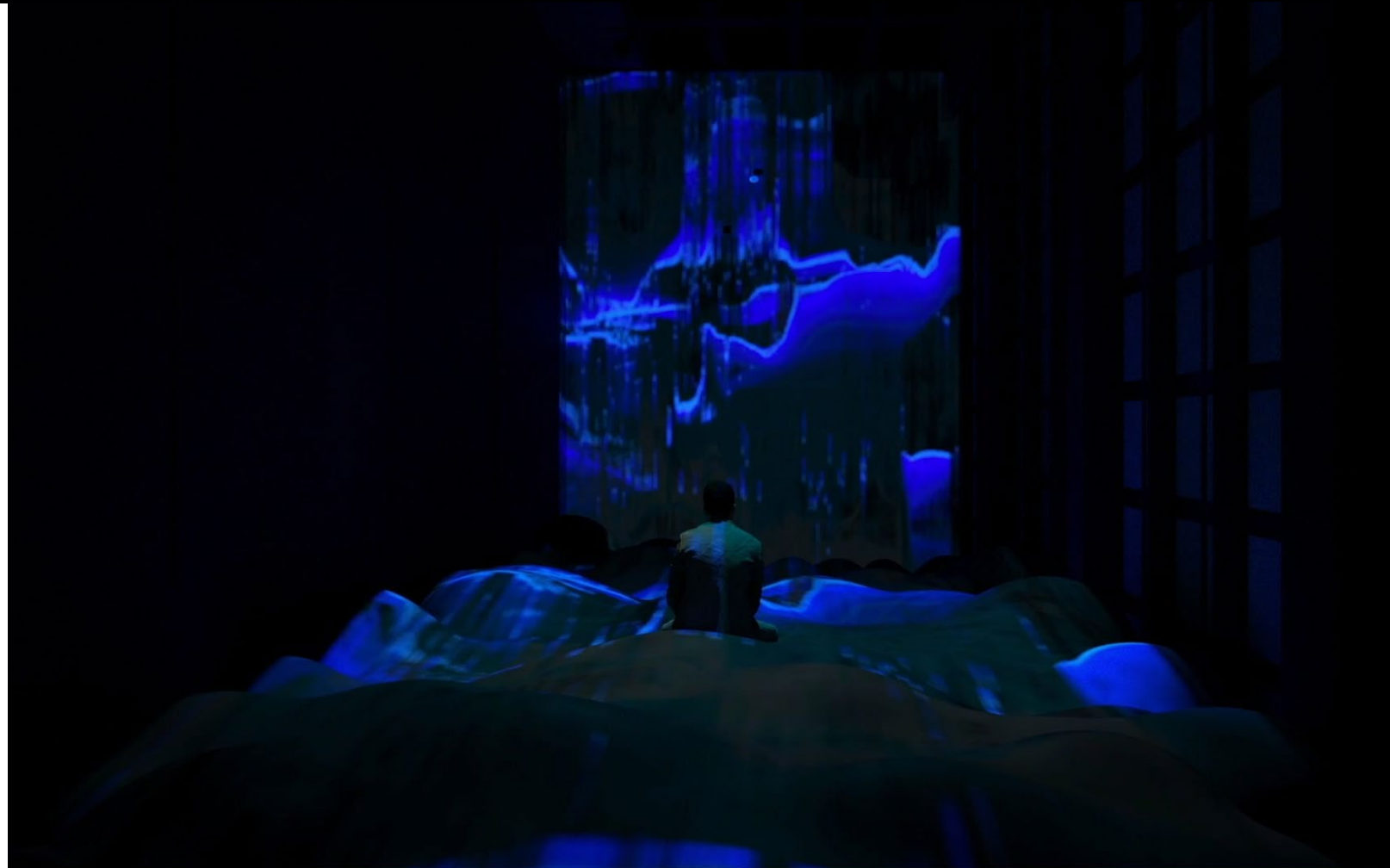
- looking upwards – positive effect
- Earth view incorporated?
- Mood lighting added to increase experience (based on mood of astronaut?)

# Colour projection

“EMO”- Xiying Bao

- AI technology: facial recognition
- Changes colours and shapes based on perceived emotion
- Adaptive system that monitors wellbeing of crew members
  - influence/transform emotions as well?

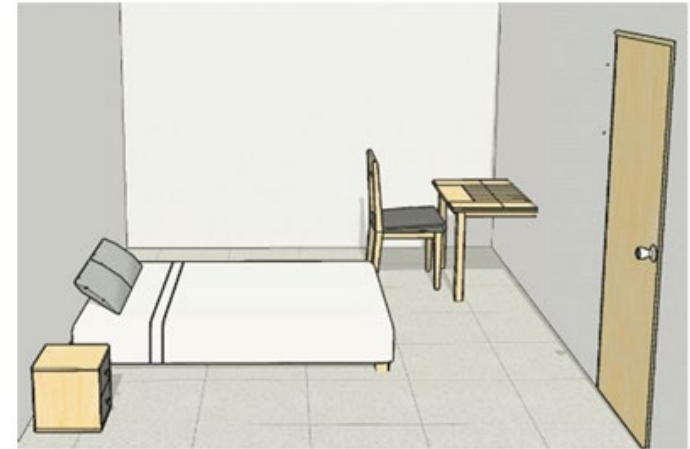
<https://studentawards.mediaarchitecture.org/mab/project/11>



# Artificial views

## Space habitat simulation 7-day trial

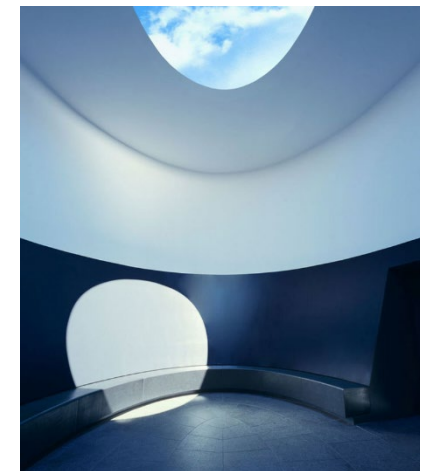
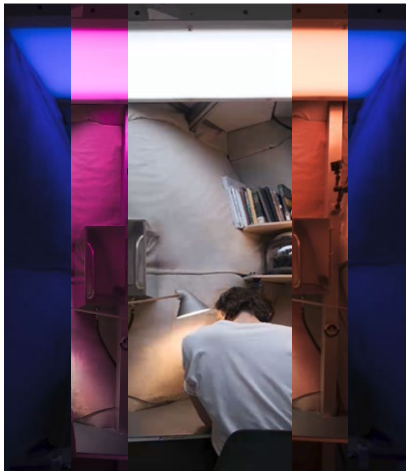
- He, X., & Jiang, A. (2023, July).
- Virtual Reality experiment
- 20 people in isolation **with or without** artificial views of nature
- Decreased feeling of isolation
- Needs to be a nature view





# Concept

Designing a Lunar habitat that promotes mental wellness of the crew



# Designing Lunar Architecture



# Location: Earth view

## Lunar Equator

- Earth directly overhead
- Desirable for earth view from above

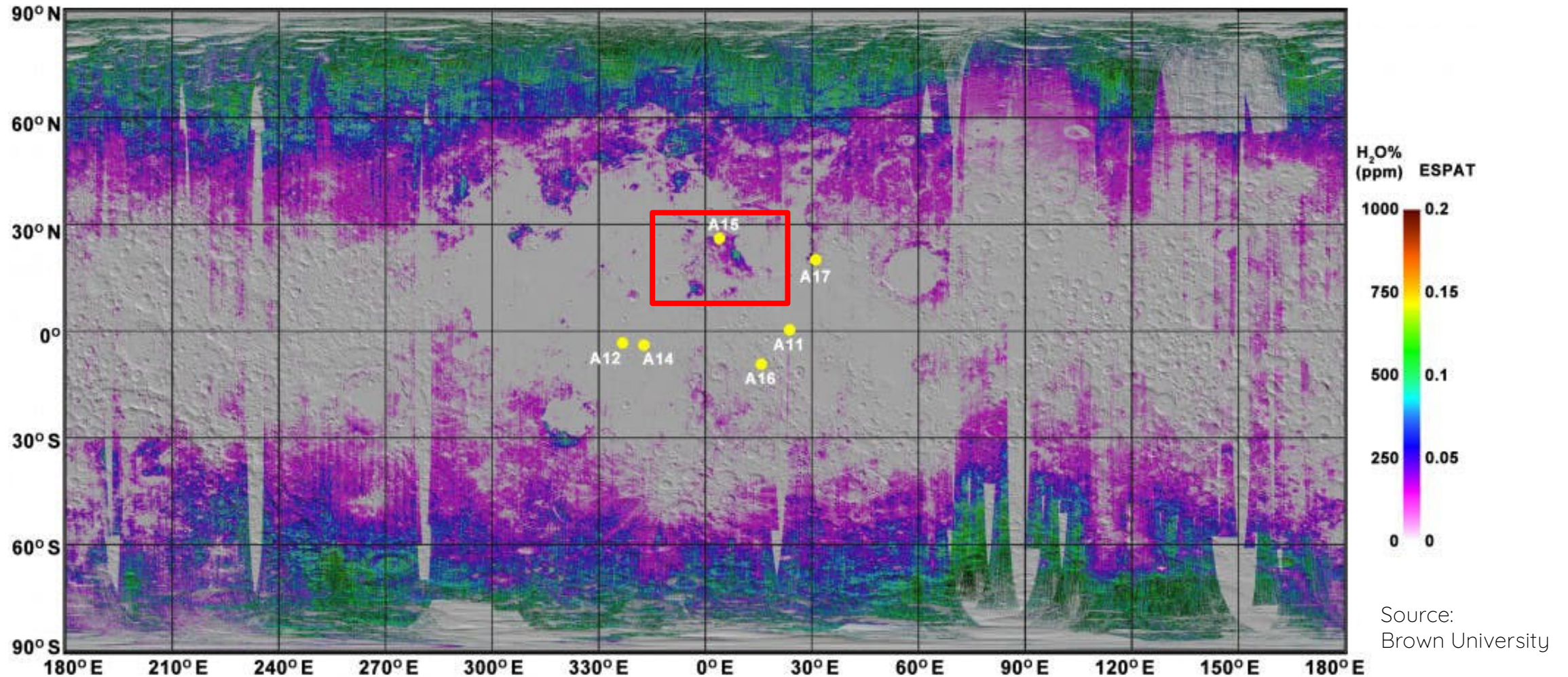
## Lunar Poles

- Earth visible at the horizon
- Sometimes drops below horizon – not visible





# Location: water

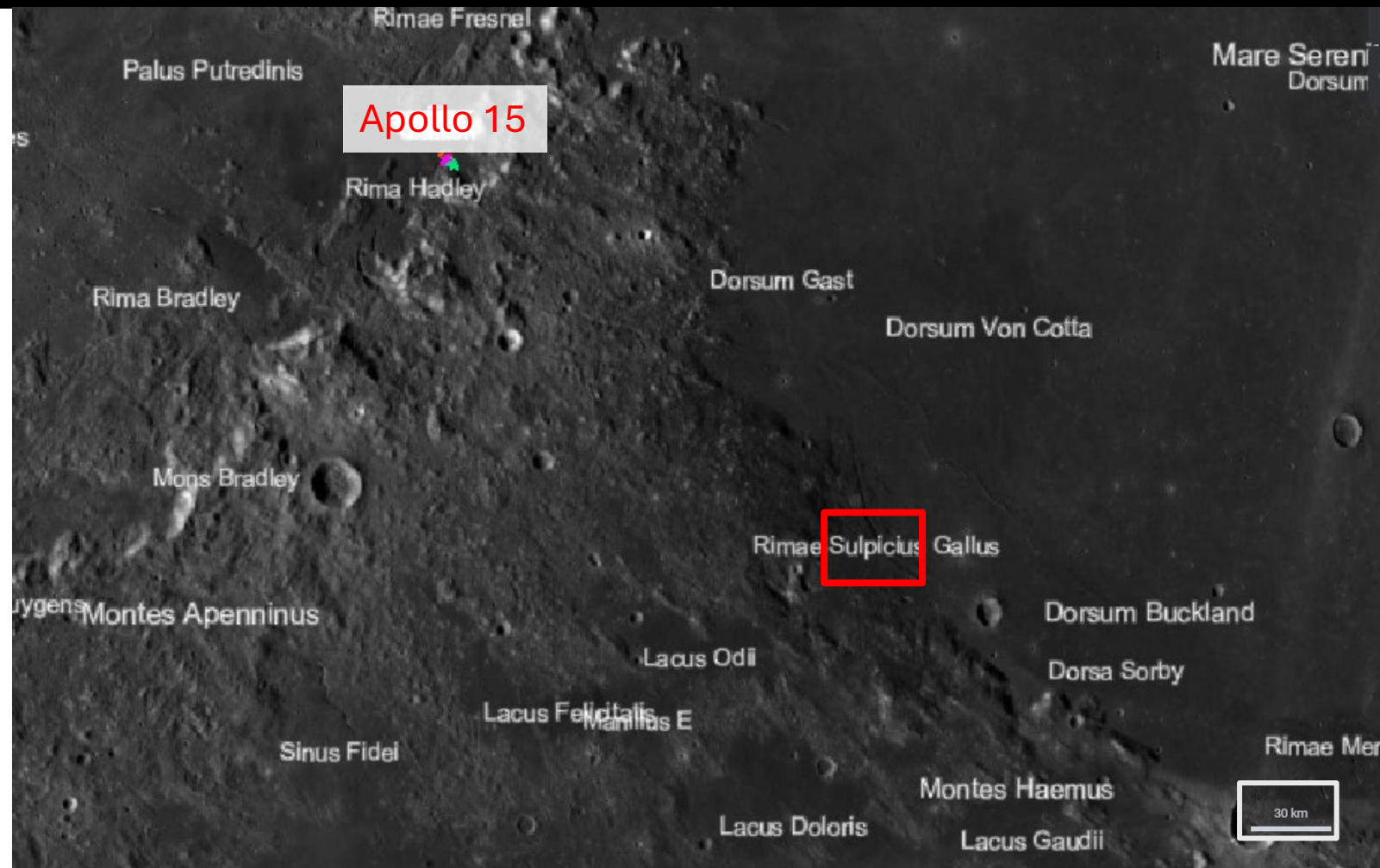


# Location: Mare Serenitatis

Near landing site  
Apollo15

- *Montes Apenninus*

# Edge of *Mare Serenitatis*



Source: Lunar/LROC Quickmap

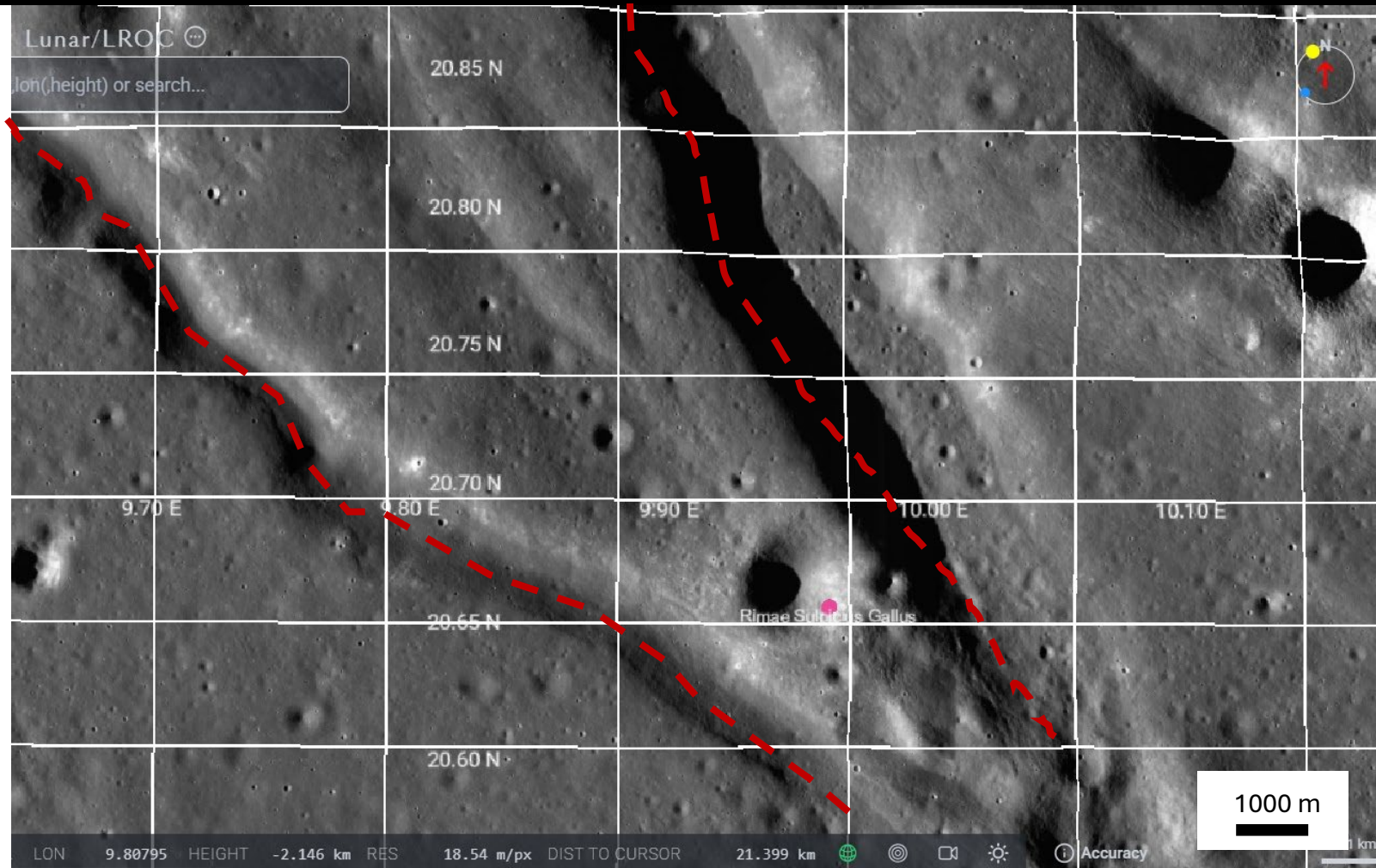


# Location: Mare Serenitatis

## Edge of *Mare Serenitatis*

- *Rimae Sulpicious Gallus*
- Narrow depressions in surface

Source: Lunar/LROC Quickmap





# Program: requirements

## ESA-CDF:

“ Minimum accommodation functionalities:

- Sleeping space, ideally private quarters
- Dining and communal activities
- Workspace
- Exercise area and equipment
- EVA suit donning and doffing
- Medical care

- Hygiene
  - Translation portals or pass-throughs
  - Stowage area ”
- (p 59-60)

“Minimum net habitable volume of about

**80m<sup>3</sup> per person”**

(p 60)

# Program: translating to rooms

## Main rooms

- Private quarters
  - Sleeping area
- Living quarters
  - Social area, eating area, kitchen
- Research facility
  - Command and control
  - Workspace
- Gym
- Bathroom (&toilet)

- Medical facility
- Antechamber for EVA's
  - (regolith cleaning and suit doffing)
- Stowage

## Additional rooms

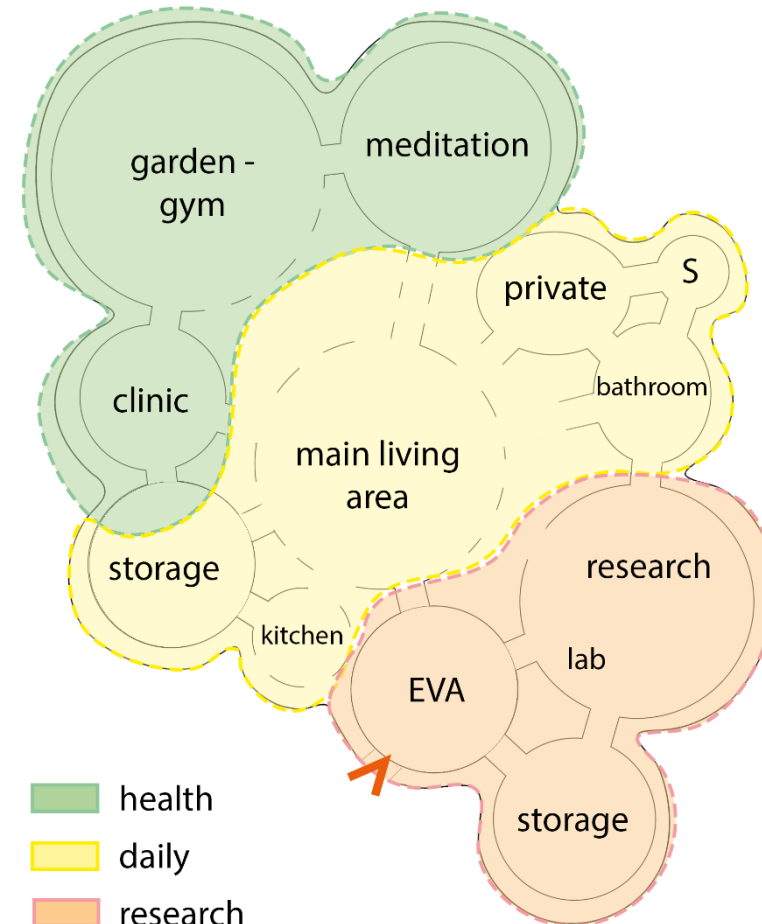
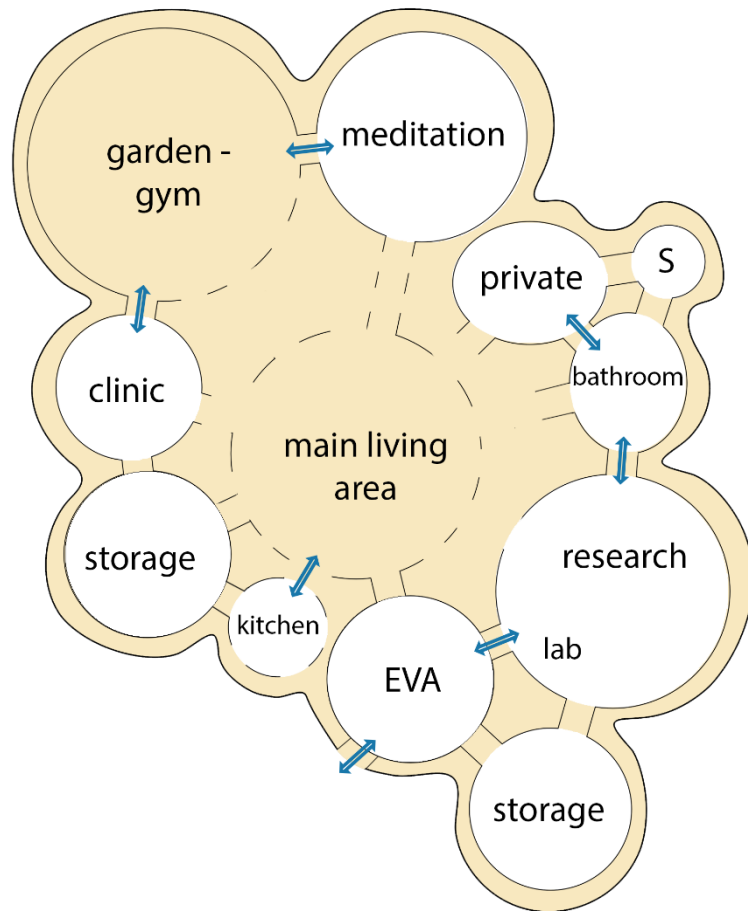
- Garden
- Meditation space
  - earth viewing

# Program: size

| Room                  | m3 (1 person) | %           | Same time use      | Multiply factor | m3 (6 persons) | %            |
|-----------------------|---------------|-------------|--------------------|-----------------|----------------|--------------|
| Private crew quarters | 2,5           | 3%          | Yes - but separate | x 6             | 15             | 3,5%         |
| Living quarters       | 13,5          | 15%         | Yes                | x 6             | 81             | 19,5%        |
| Kitchen               | 2,5           | 3 %         | Not all            | x 2             | 5              | 1%           |
| Research facility     | 11            | 13%         | Yes                | x 6             | 66             | 16%          |
| Garden                | 13,5          | 15%         | Yes                | x 6             | 81             | 19,5%        |
| Gym                   | 8             | 9%          | Not all            | x 3             | 24             | 5,5%         |
| Bathroom              | 5             | 6%          | Not all            | x 2             | 10             | 2,5%         |
| Medical facility      | 8             | 9%          | Not all            | x 2             | 16             | 4%           |
| EVA antechamber       | 8             | 9%          | Not all            | x 3             | 24             | 5,5%         |
| Storage general       | 8             | 9%          | Yes                | x 6             | 48             | 11,5%        |
| <b>Subtotal:</b>      | <b>80</b>     | <b>91%</b>  |                    |                 | <b>370</b>     | <b>88,5%</b> |
| Meditation space      | 8             | 9%          | Yes                | x 6             | 48             | 11,5%        |
| <b>Total:</b>         | <b>88</b>     | <b>100%</b> |                    |                 | <b>418</b>     | <b>100%</b>  |



# Connecting functions 2D



# Connecting 3D: compact

- Garden underutilised
- Kitchen impractical
- No clear zoning



|  | Function         |
|--|------------------|
|  | Living           |
|  | Kitchen          |
|  | Storage main     |
|  | Meditation       |
|  | Garden-gym       |
|  | Medical          |
|  | Private quarters |
|  | Bathroom         |
|  | Storage private  |
|  | Research         |
|  | EVA chamber      |
|  | Storage research |

# Connecting 3D: double atrium

- Garden new atrium – lower level
- Views: needs met



|  | Function         |
|--|------------------|
|  | Living           |
|  | Kitchen          |
|  | Storage main     |
|  | Meditation       |
|  | Garden-gym       |
|  | Medical          |
|  | Private quarters |
|  | Bathroom         |
|  | Storage private  |
|  | Research         |
|  | EVA chamber      |
|  | Storage research |



# Spatial connection

- Visually connecting spaces– decreasing confinement
- Dynamic views
- Big atrium that branches out





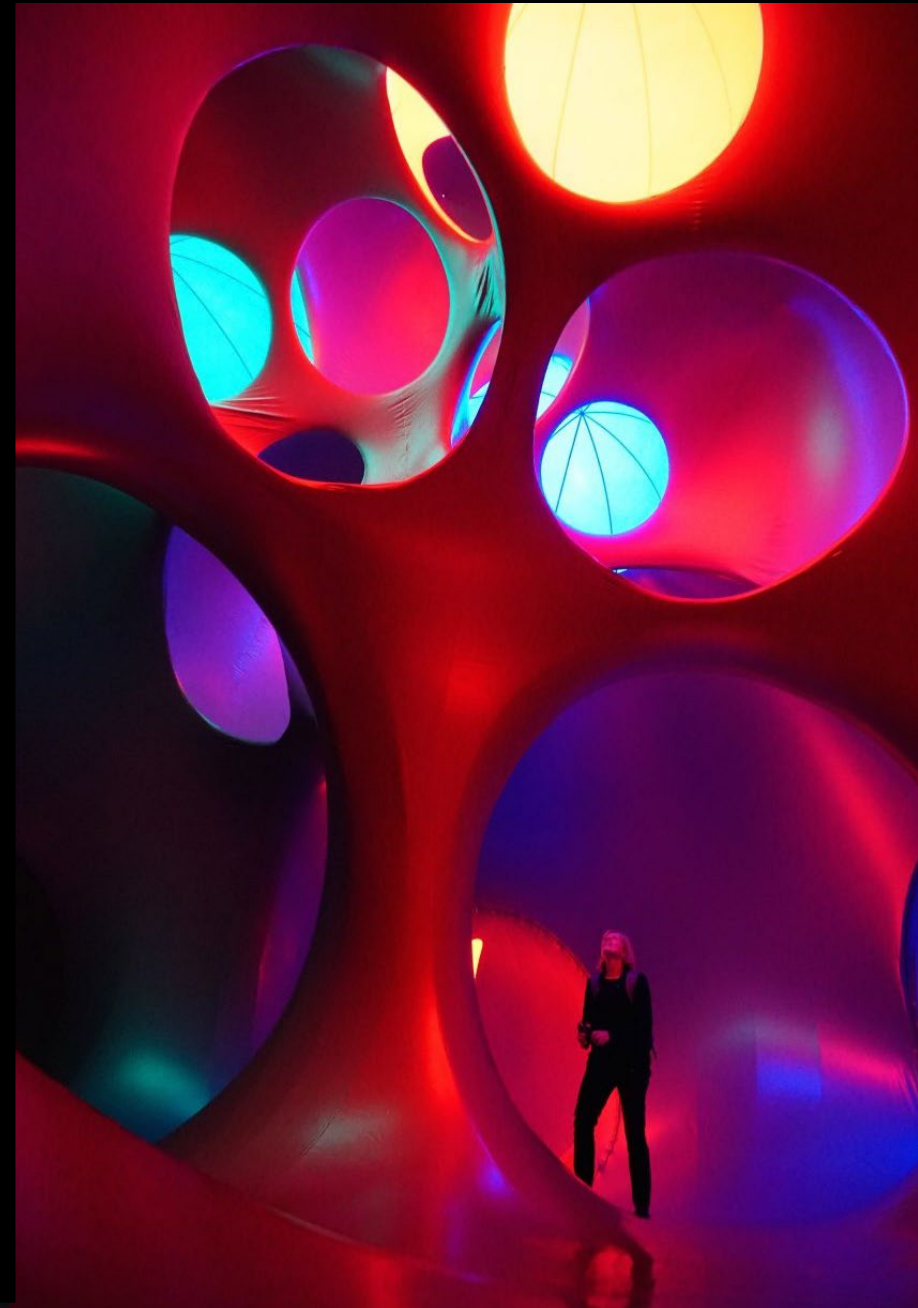
# Lava tube mission



- Corridors: Dynamic views



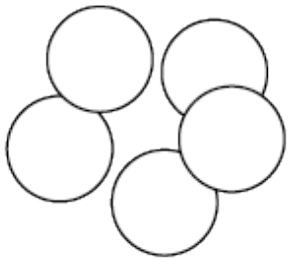
# Corridor views: Daedalum





# Porosity: computational script

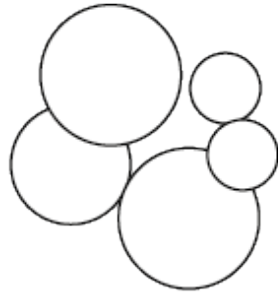
## 1. Create spheres



### Variables:

- Manual adjustment of position

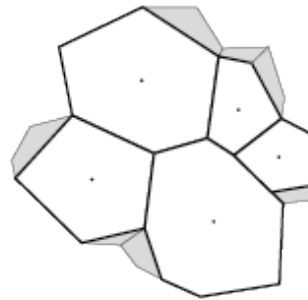
## 2. Adjust volume to function



### Variables:

- Volume
- Oblongness in x,y,z direction

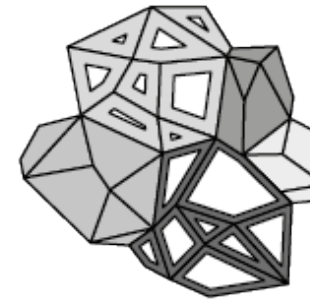
## 3. Create Voronoi cells



### Variables:

- Neighbourhood point count
- Seed
- Sphere position

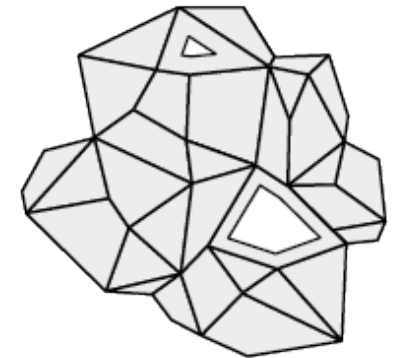
## 4. Adjust porosity to function



### Variables:

- Porose yes/no
- edge offset openings
- selecting specific faces requiring a diverging porosity

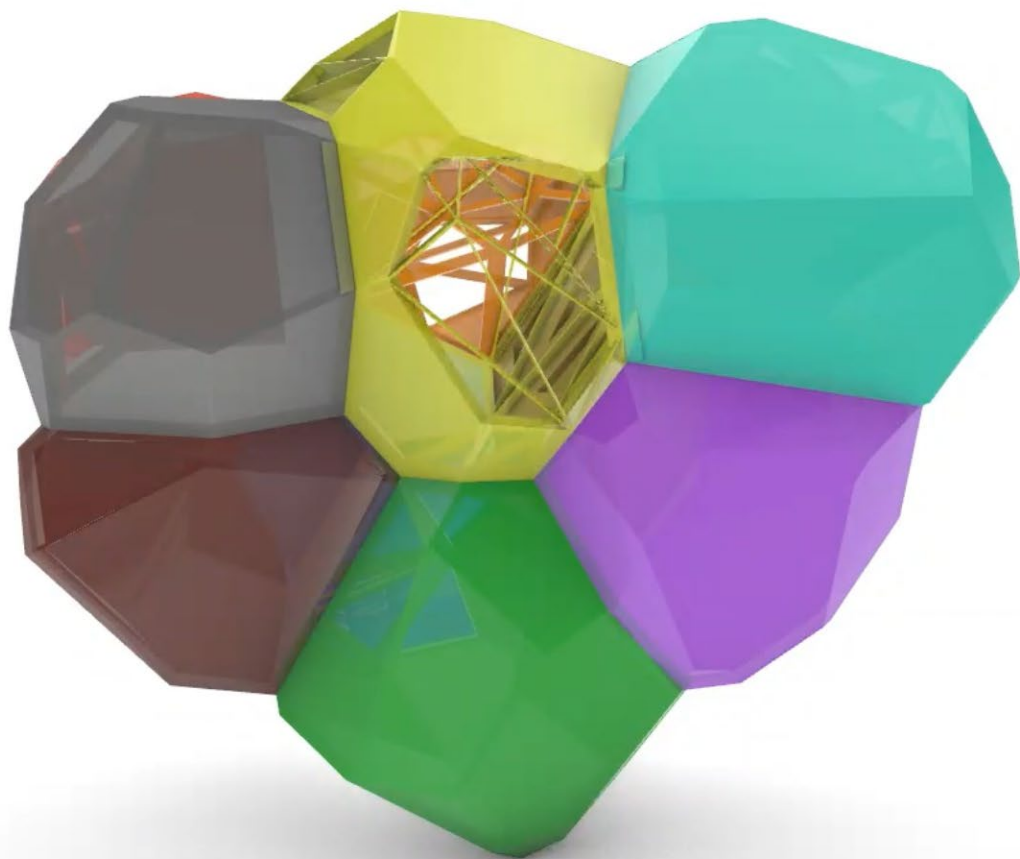
## 5. Create outer shell



### Variables:

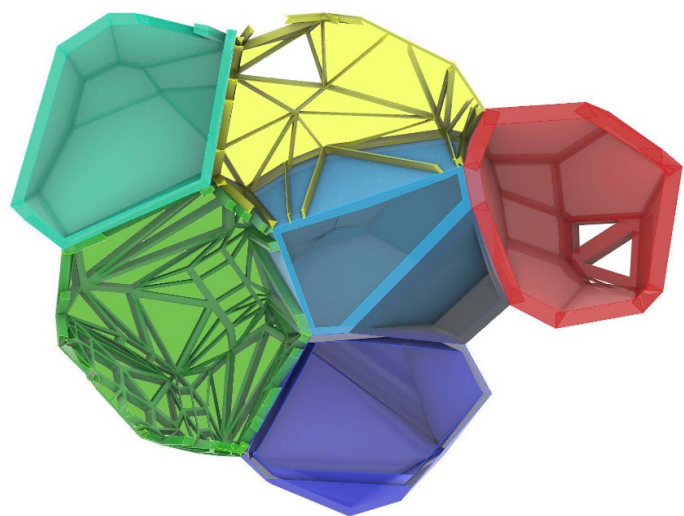
- Shell thickness
- selecting specific faces requiring a divergence of porosity
- Opening edge offset distance

# Porosity: Voronoi

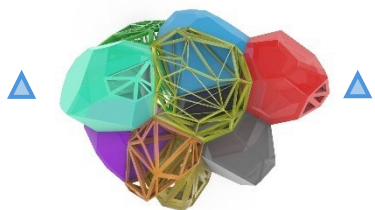


|  | Function         | Porosity |
|--|------------------|----------|
|  | Living           | 80%      |
|  | Kitchen          | 62%      |
|  | Storage main     | 16%      |
|  | Meditation       | 7%       |
|  | Garden-gym       | 40%      |
|  | Medical          | 0%       |
|  | Private quarters | 3%       |
|  | Bathroom         | 0%       |
|  | Storage private  | 0%       |
|  | Research         | 8%       |
|  | EVA chamber      | 5%       |
|  | Storage research | 0%       |

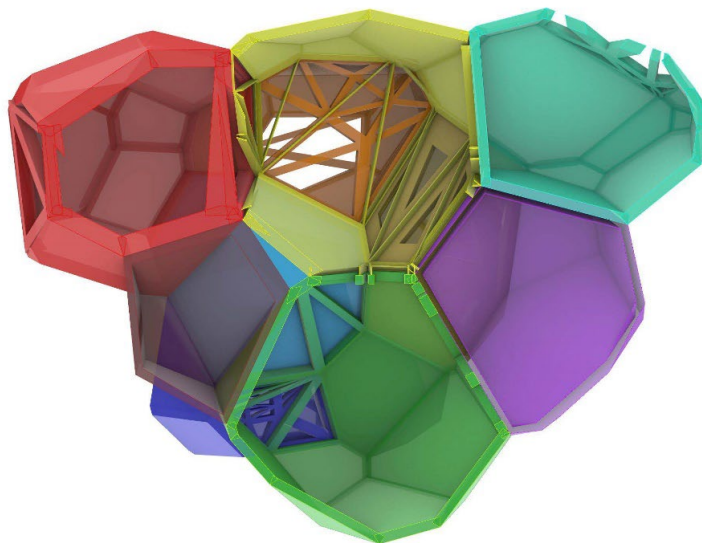
# Porosity: iterations



0 1 2 3 4 5 m



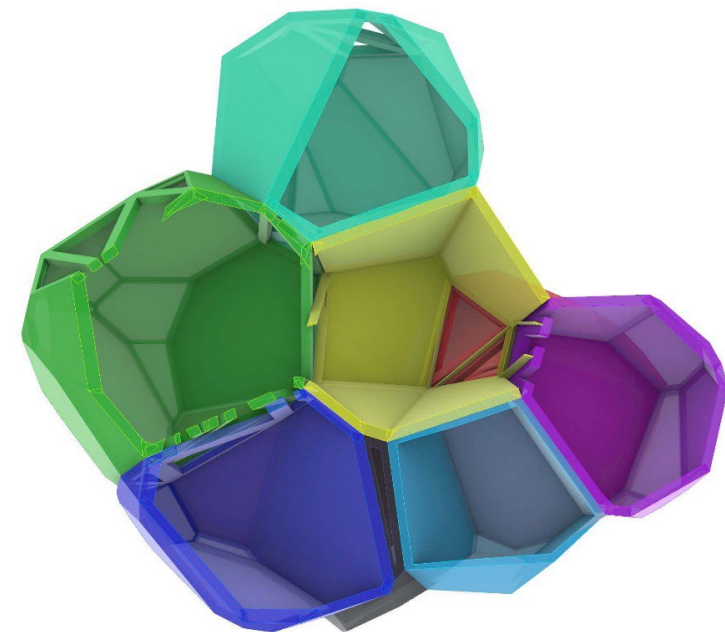
Iteration 1:  
section



0 1 2 3 4 5 m



Iteration 2:  
section



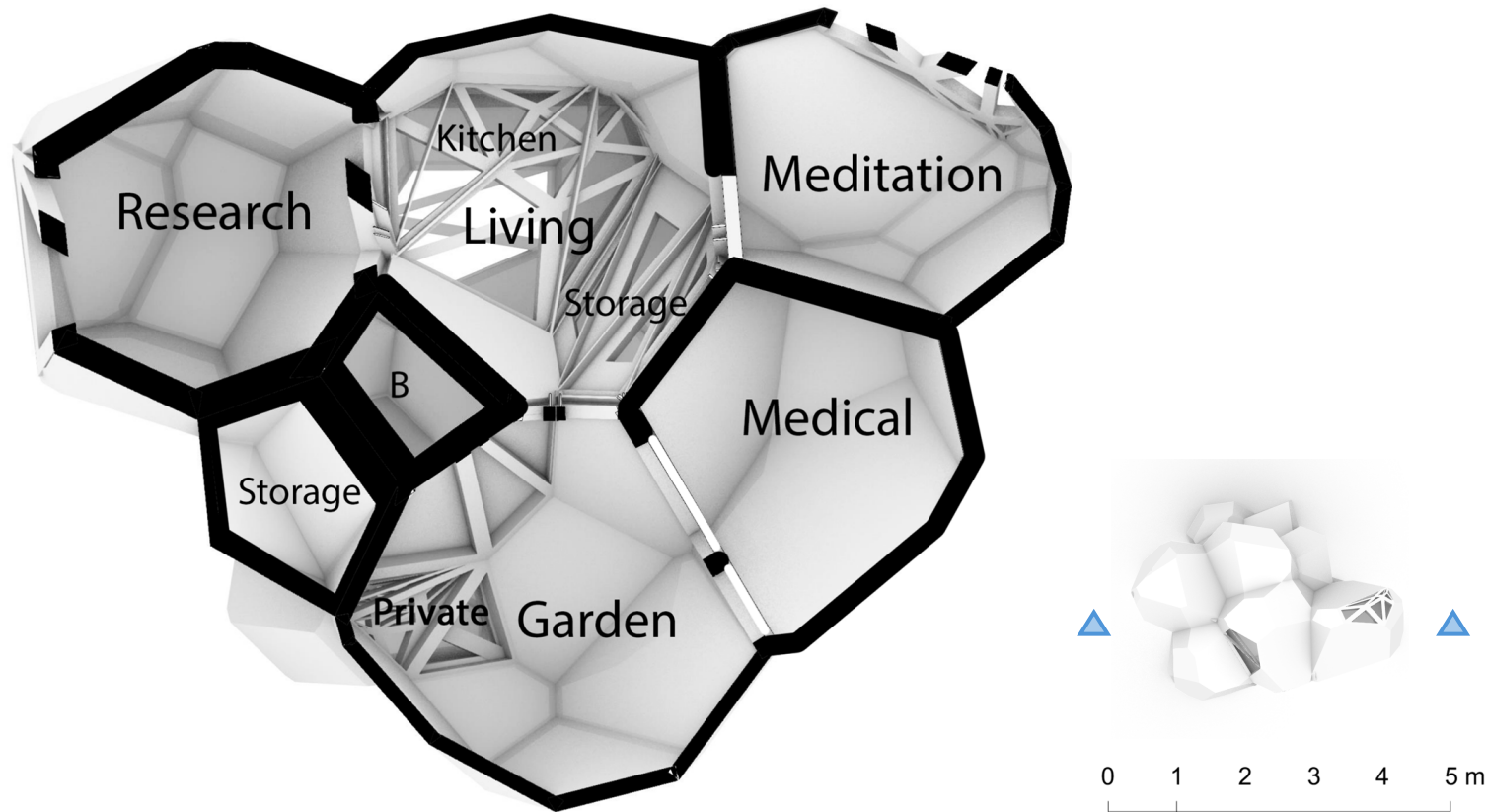
0 1 2 3 4 5 m



Iteration 3:  
section

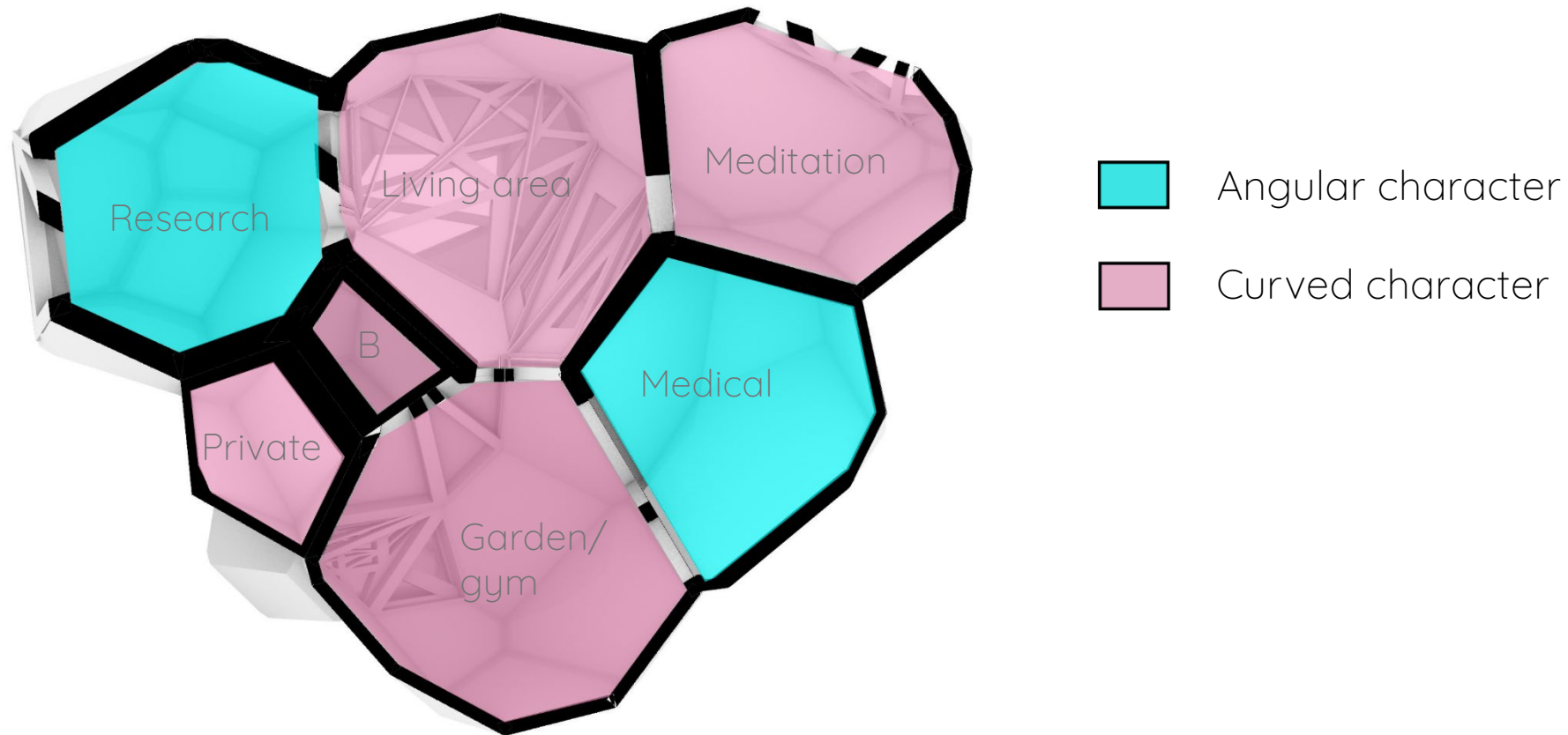


# Iteration 2

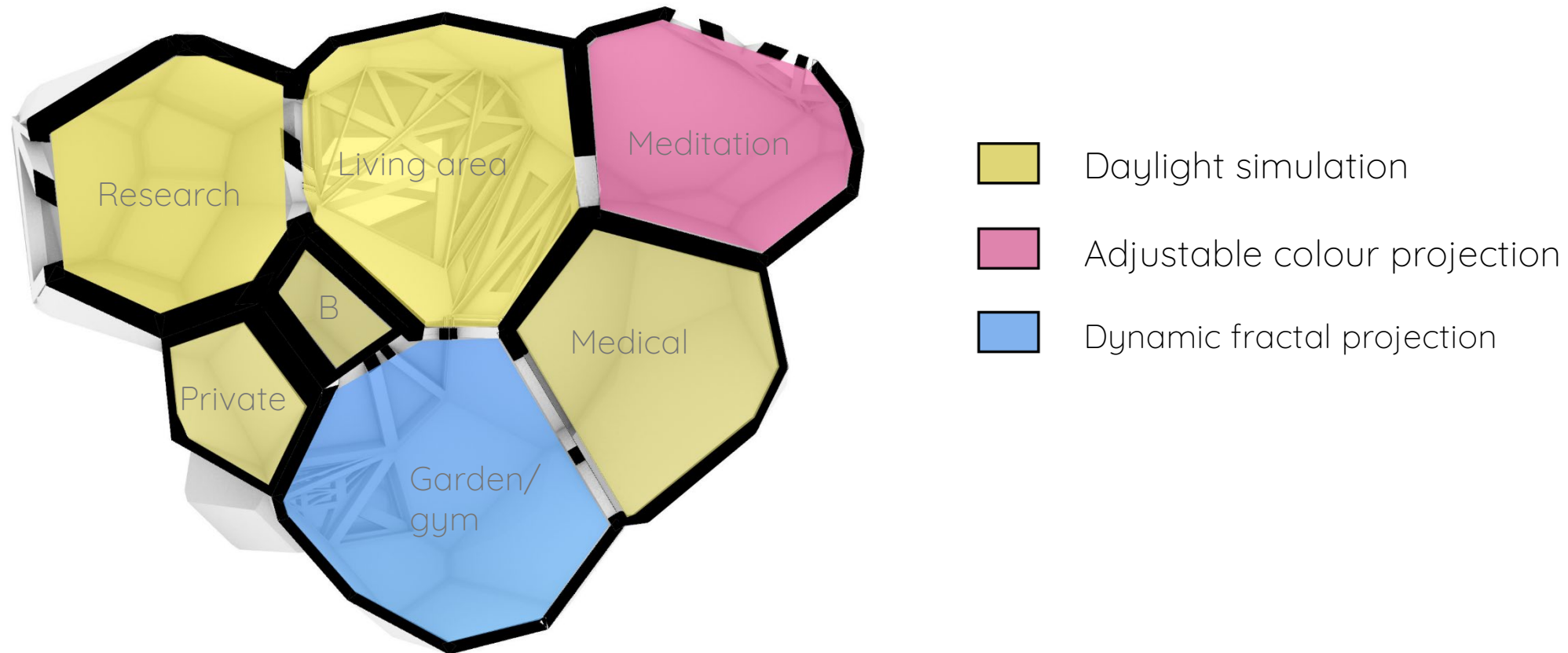


- More centred atria:
  - Garden
  - Living area
- Two levels created
  - Daytime
  - Private
- Access private quarters through garden

# Interventions: spatial geometry

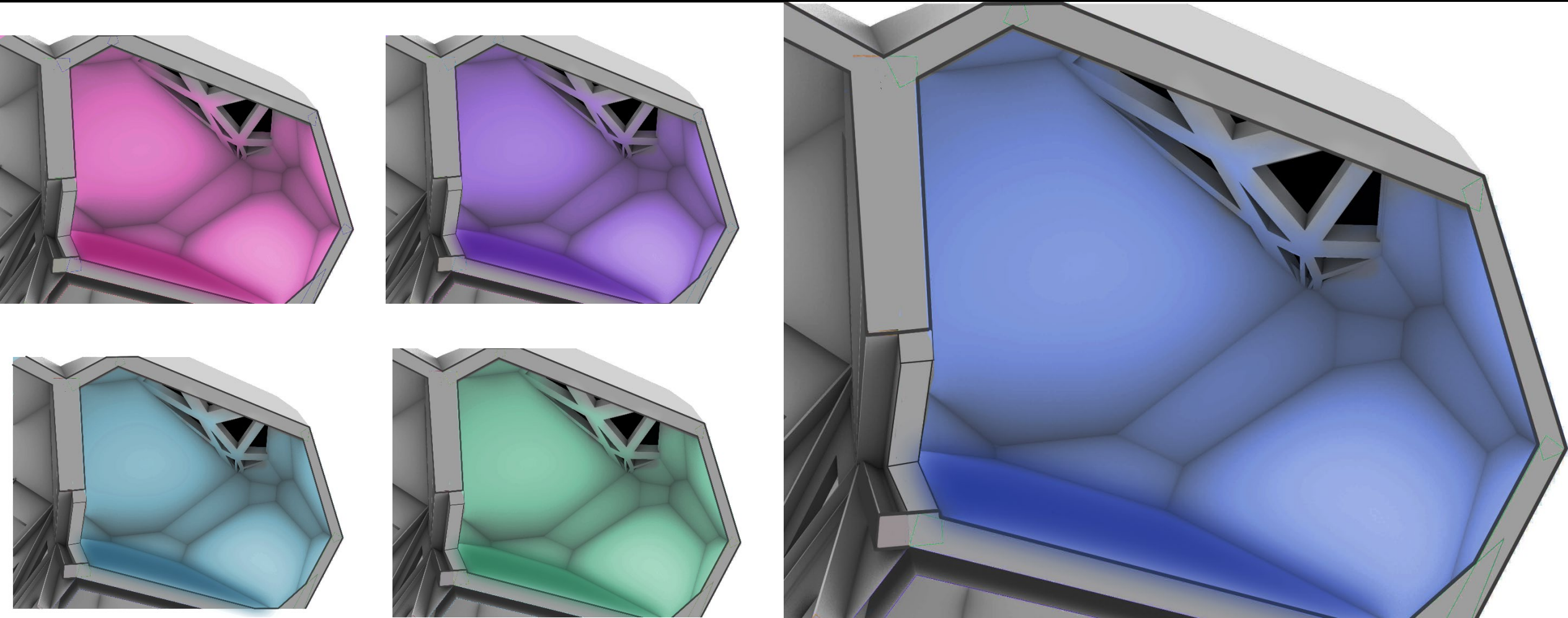


# Interventions: light & projection



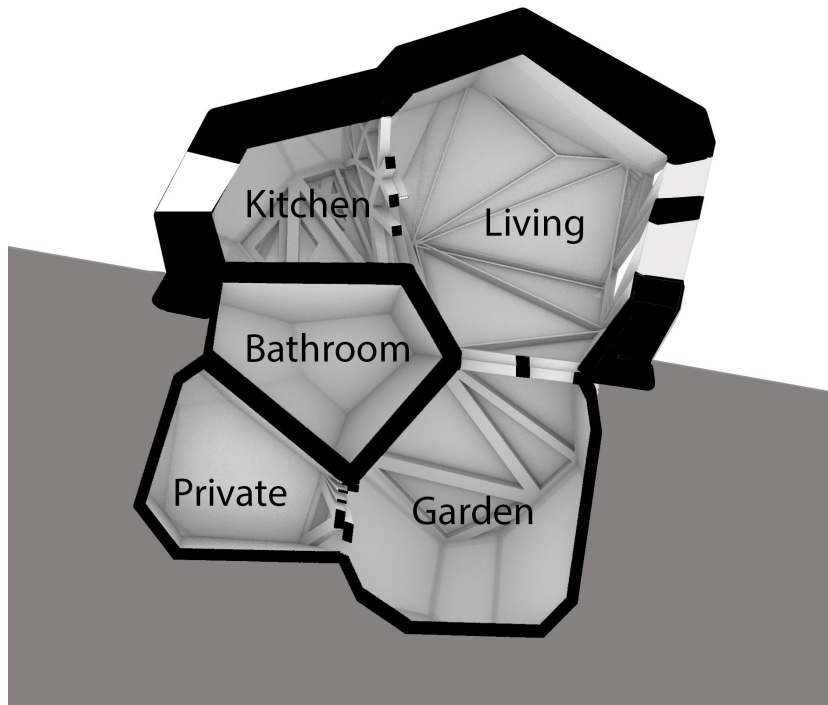


# Impression meditation space

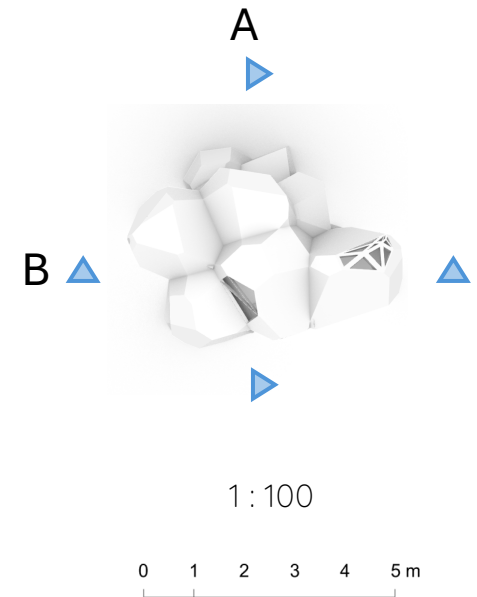
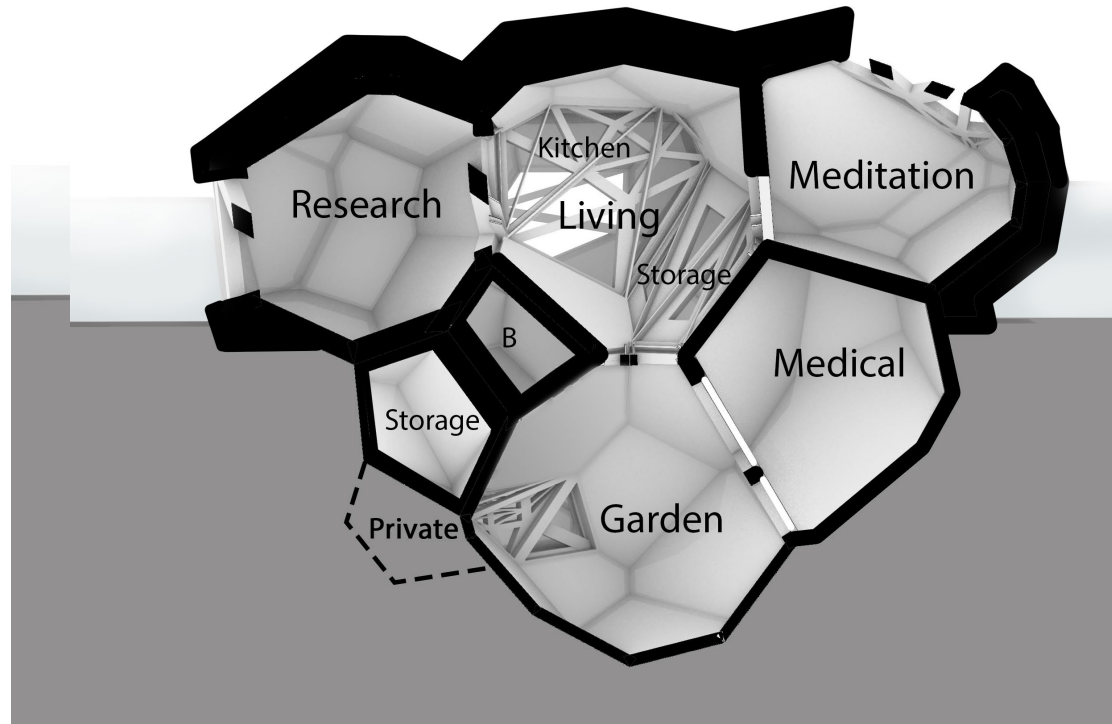


# Iteration 2 in location

Section A

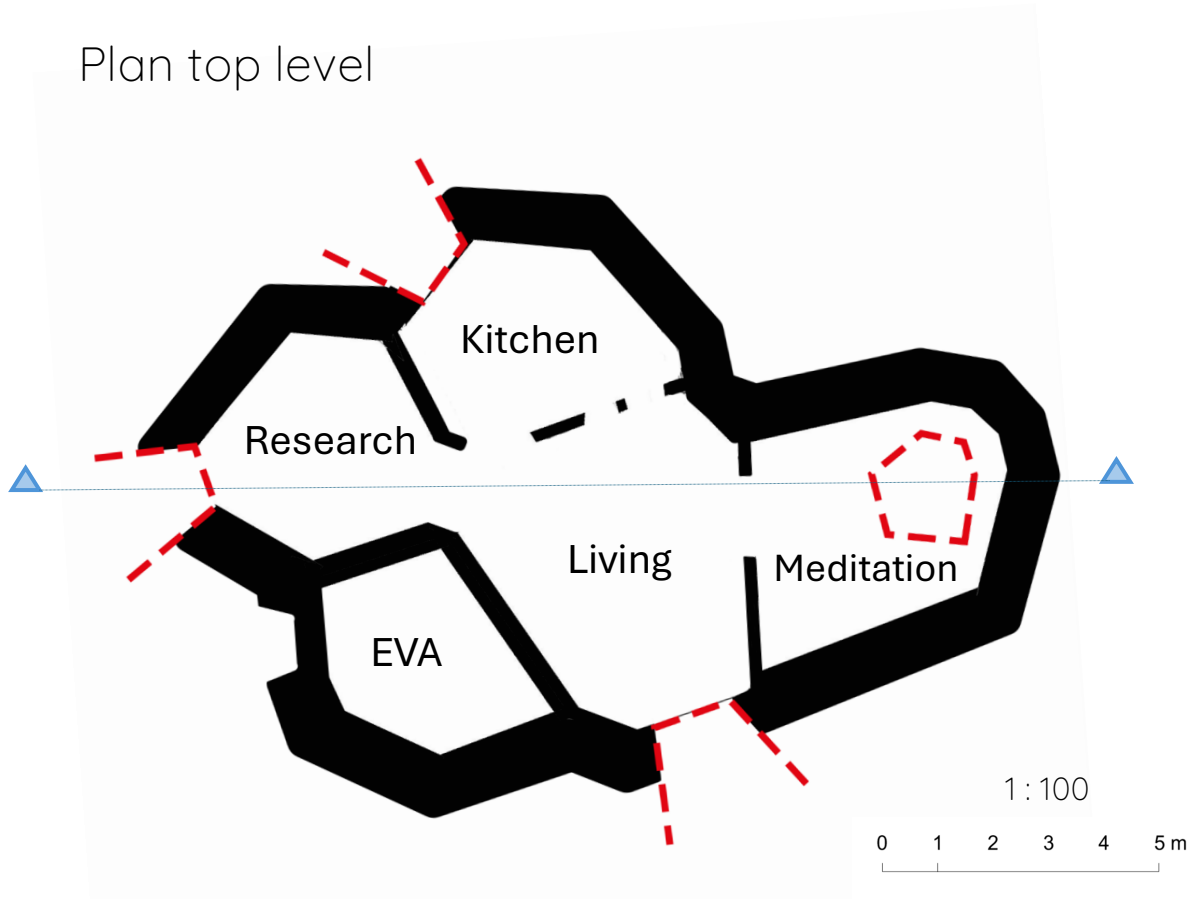


Section B

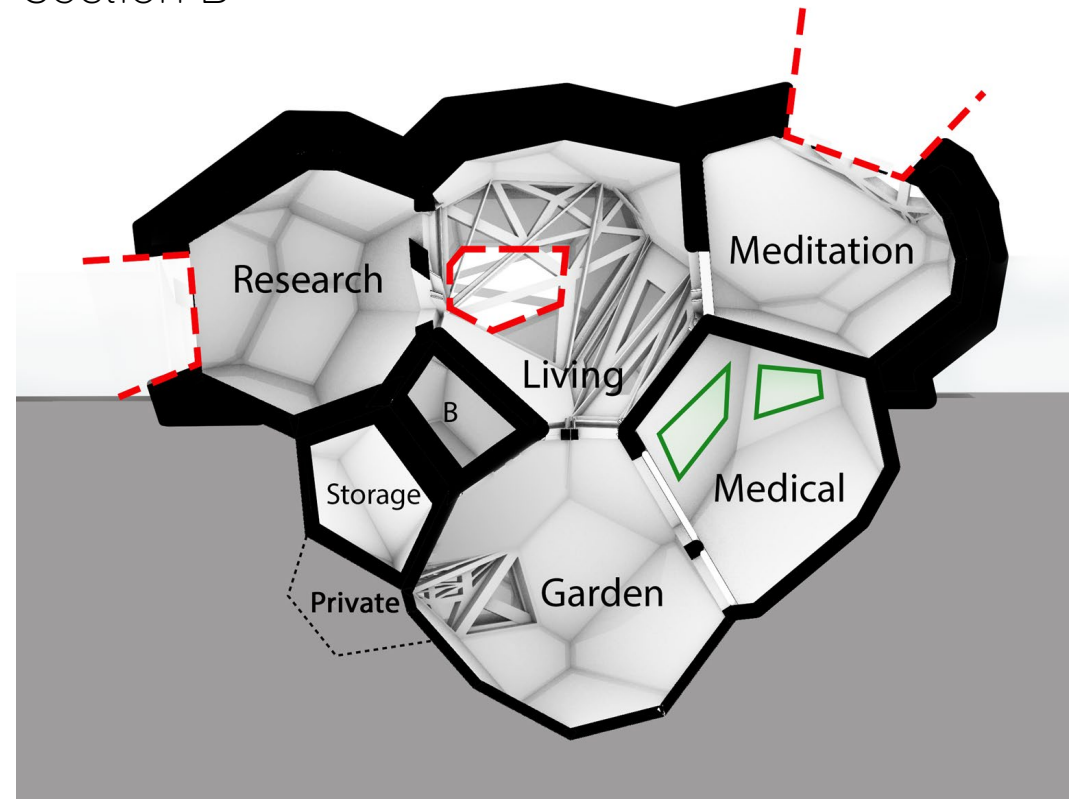


# Views

Plan top level

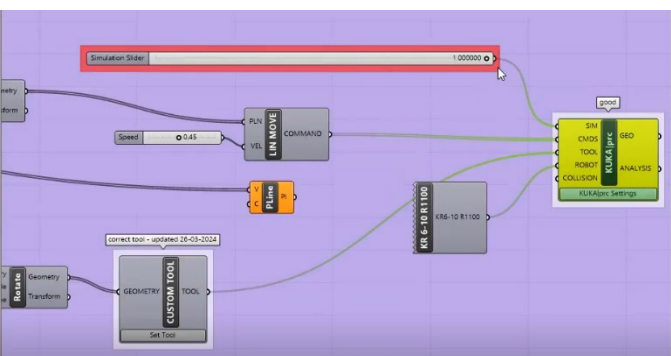
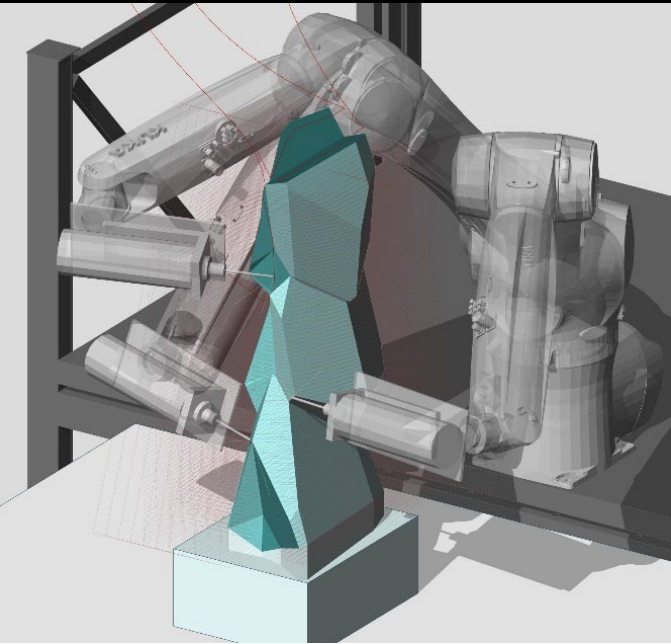


Section B





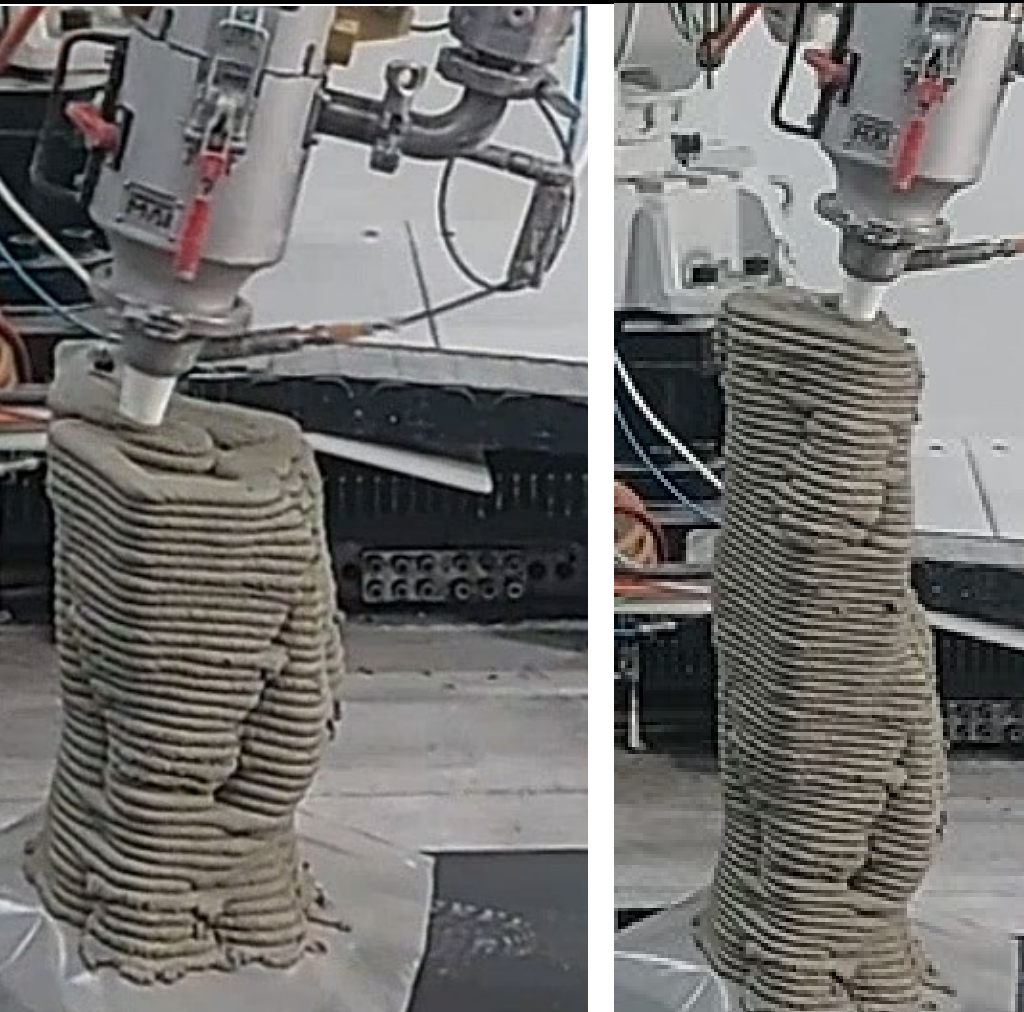
# Workshop



Building above ground:

- Thick outer shell
- Use of Lunar Regolith for additive printing
- Interlocking components necessary for a stacked structure

# Workshop



## Organic forms in design

- Flexibility for room requirements mental health
  - Curved or Angular
- Voronoi: component adapted to form

# Construction: swarm robotics



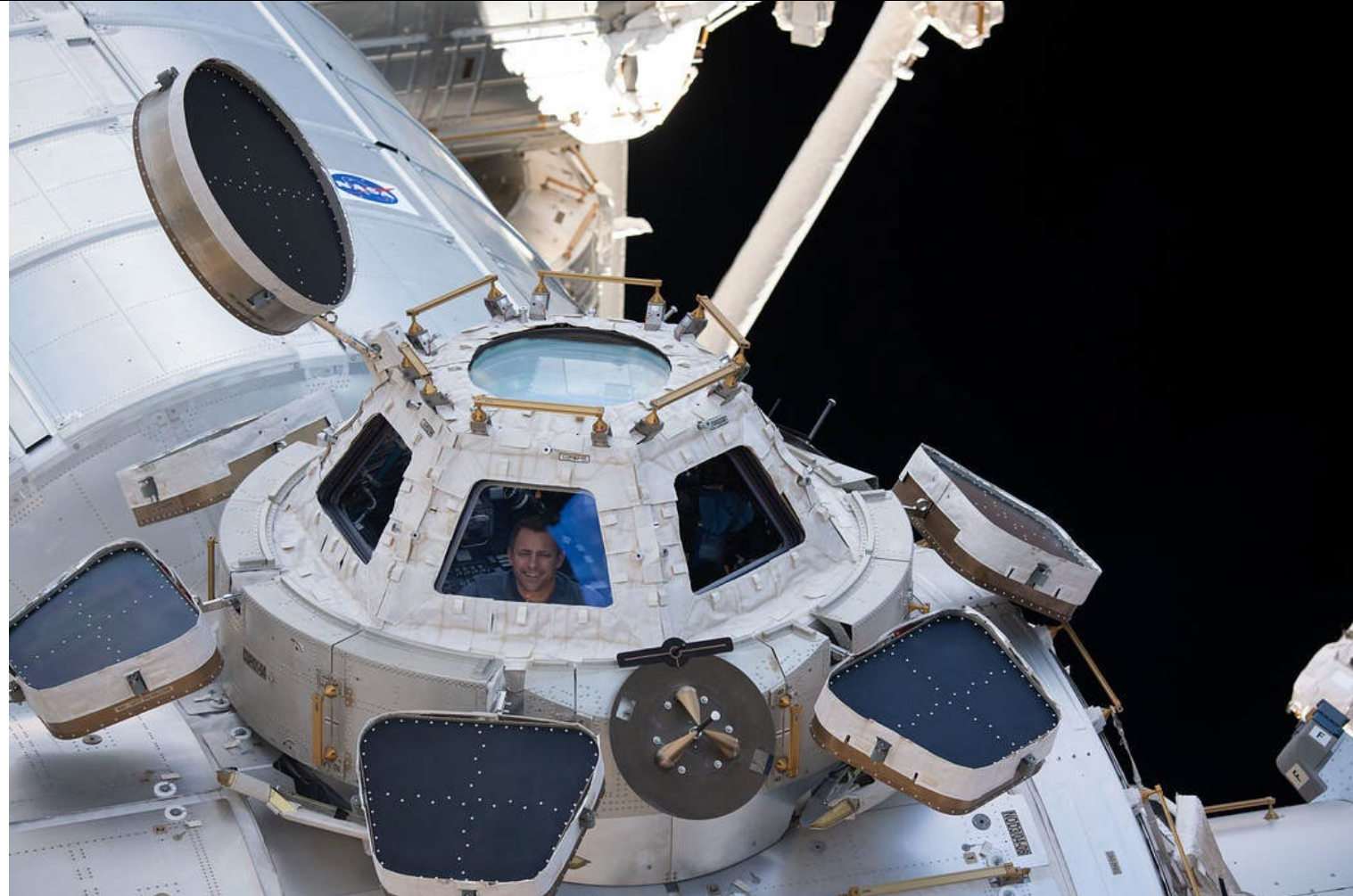
1. Excavation
2. Regolith gathered by swarm
  - brought to printer
3. Components printed
4. Carried by worker robots to location
5. Placed in correct location



# Windows and radiation

Current use:

- ISS Cupola window
  - 4 layers of fused silica and borosilicate
  - Thick shutters



# Windows and radiation

ISRU:

- Silica – silicon dioxide
  - major component of Lunar Regolith: 42+%
  - extraction?
  - 3D printing windows is possible

| Compound                       | Concentration (%) |
|--------------------------------|-------------------|
| SiO <sub>2</sub>               | 42-48             |
| TiO <sub>2</sub>               | 1-7               |
| Al <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub> | 12-27             |
| FeO                            | 4-18              |
| MgO                            | 4-11              |
| CaO                            | 10-17             |
| Na <sub>2</sub> O              | 0.4-0.7           |
| K <sub>2</sub> O               | 0.1-0.6           |
| MnO                            | 0.1-0.2           |
| Cr <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub> | 0.2-0.4           |

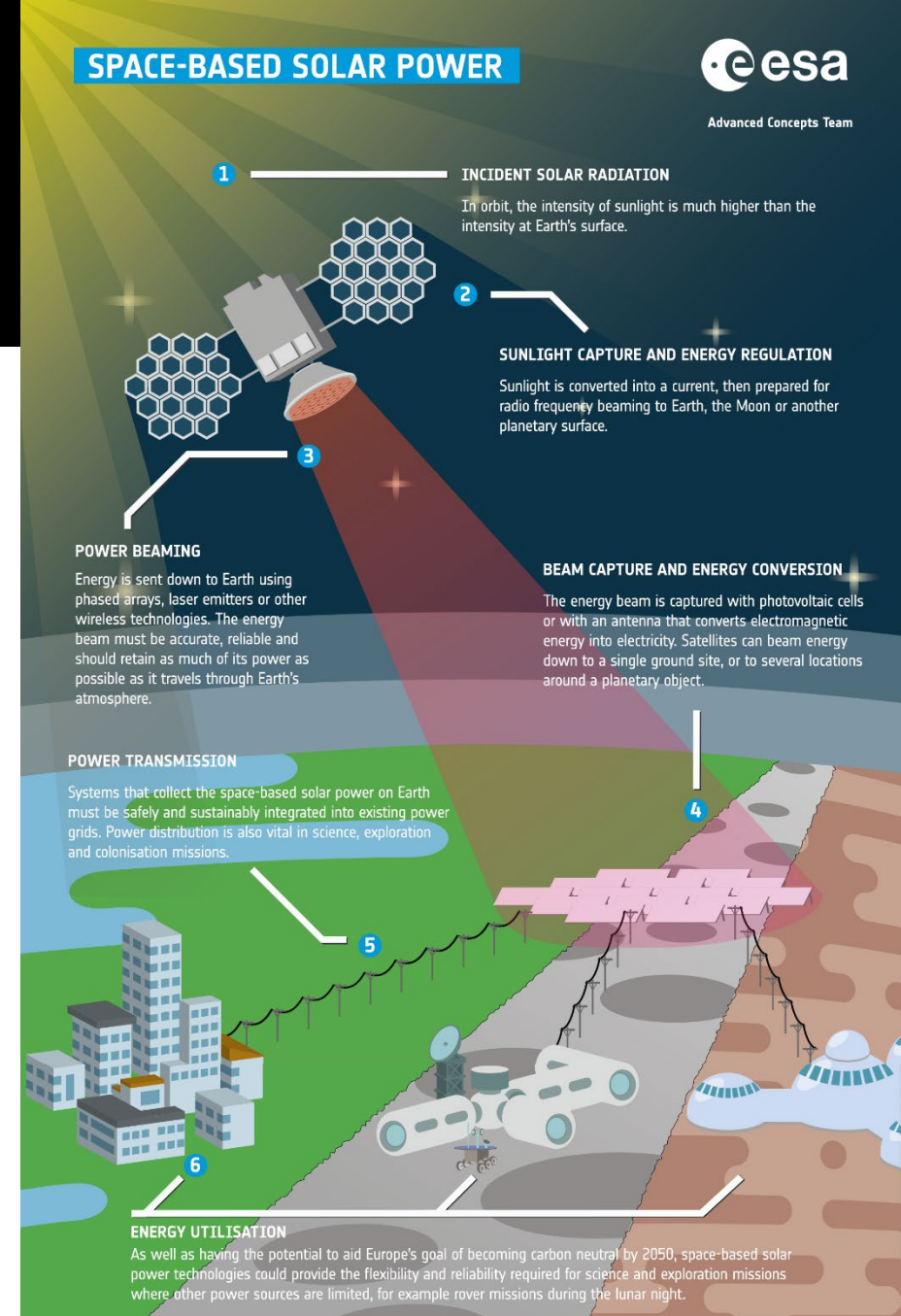
# Energy supply

## Space-based Solar Power

- Satellites with solar panels
- Collect energy in space and beamed down to converters on the surface
- Distributed to habitats and equipment

ESA campaign

Astrostrom design





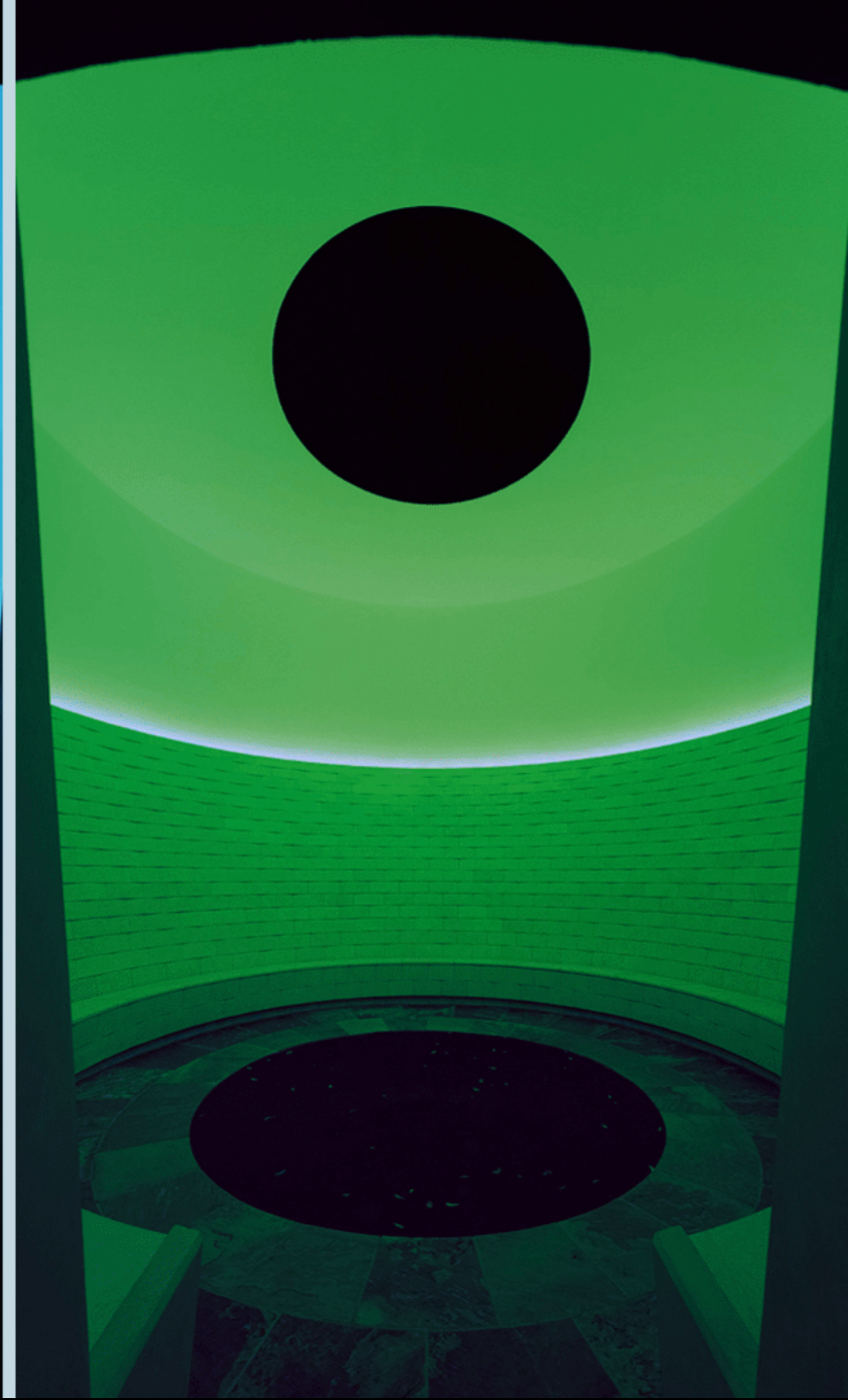
# Next steps

## Architectural design:

- Form finding - optimisation
- Interior design - integrating geometry and furniture
- Light and projection integration
- Envelope design
- Products:
  - Definitive plans, sections and elevations
  - Prototypes and visuals

## Building technology:

- Materialisation - ISRU and reuse
- Construction:
  - Internal structure
  - External shell
  - Incorporating windows & shutters
  - Assembly: robots and/or humans
- Products:
  - Fragment
  - Details



# P2 – graduation manual

## P2

### Design studio

- ✗ • graduation plan based on template ([see student portal](#))
- urban draft / master plan (on an appropriate scale)
- ✓ • programme of requirement
- ✓• • draft design (plans, sections, elevations) 1:500 / 1:200

### Research studio

- urban draft / master plan (on an appropriate scale)
- programme of requirement
- draft design (plans, sections, elevations) 1:1000 / 1:500
- graduation plan based on template ([see student portal](#))